

## Our Objective

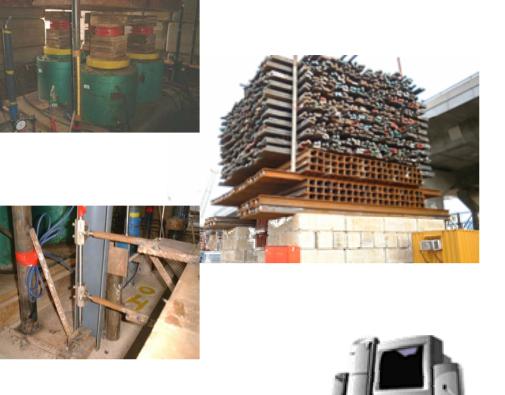
# To Simplify

### **Real-Time Monitoring**

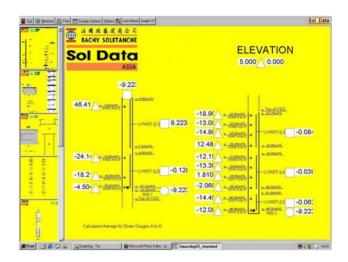


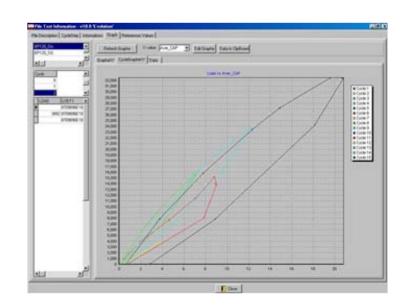
### PART 1

# Real-Time Monitoring of Loading/Stressing



#### **Total Monitoring Service**





- •Comprehensive pile or anchor monitoring software.
- •Configurable for all geotechnical and measuring instruments.
- •Real Time monitoring.
- •Database available for analysis during test.
- •Data configurable for every data set.
- •Data export real time for extra analysis.
- •Multi view software.
- •Remote Monitoring.

Custom installation of instruments to suit the clients needs.

SOL DATA can provide the full range of geotechnical instruments

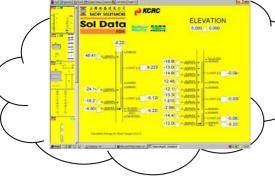
Prepare, Install, Connect and Measure











Real Time

**Instrument Logging** 

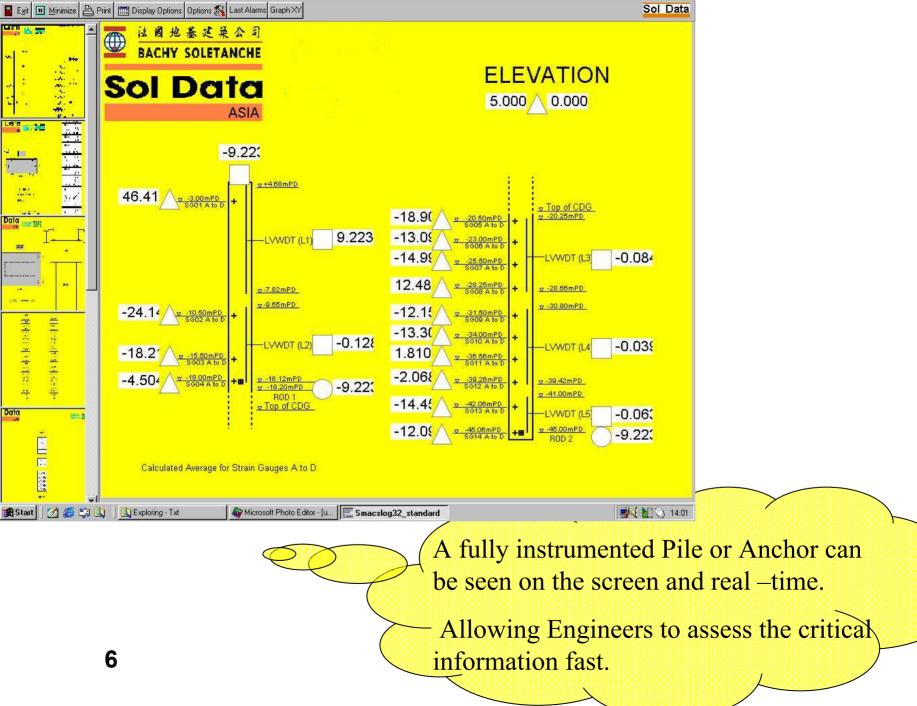
--- Battery

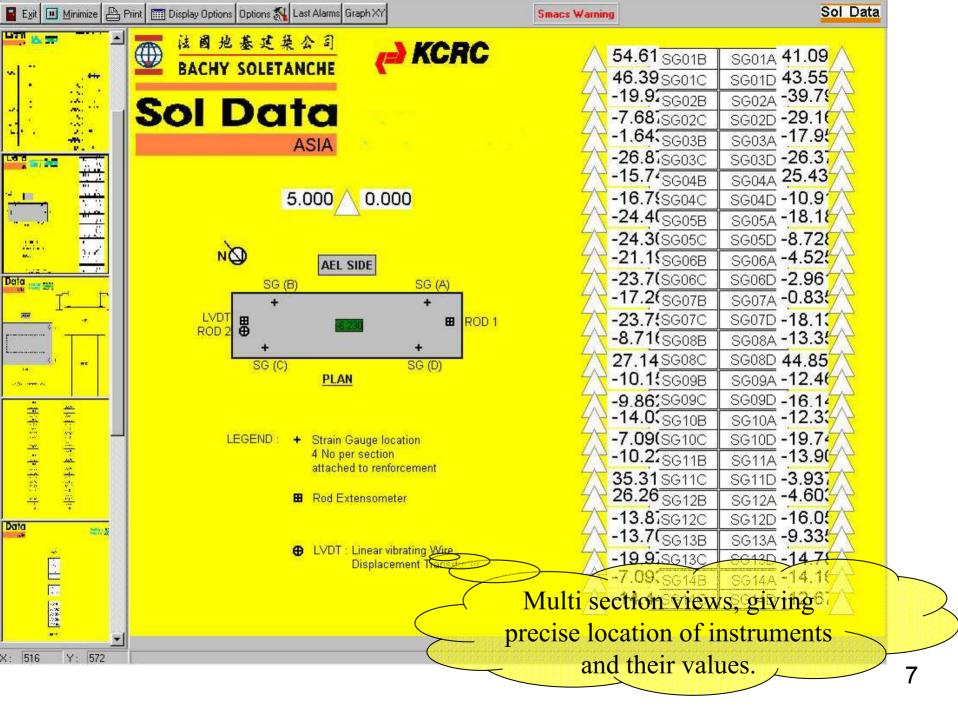
Load cell logging and control

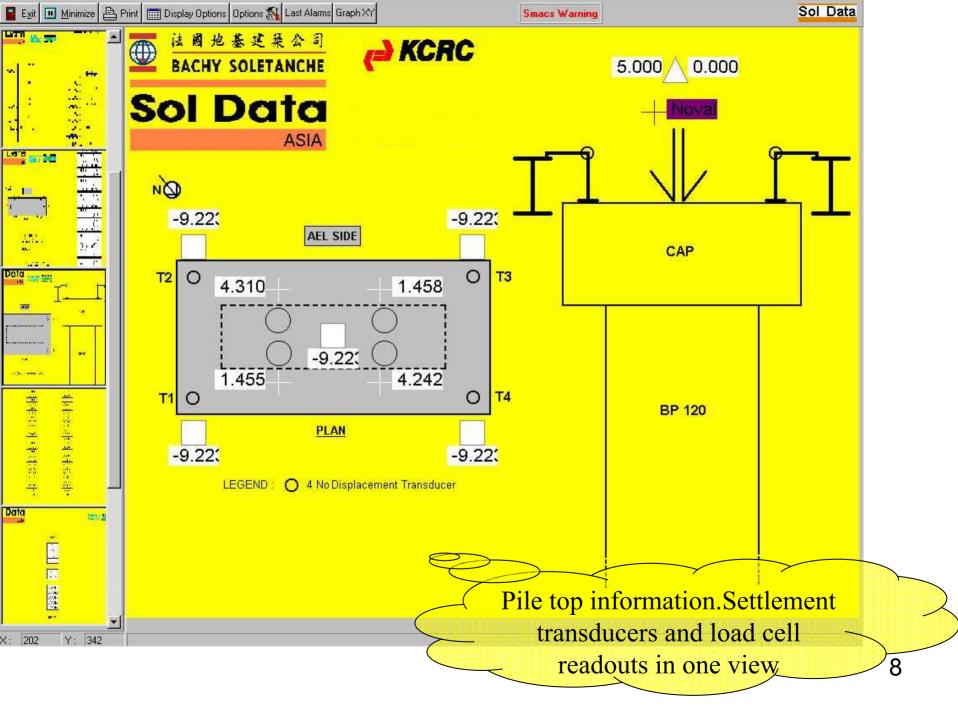


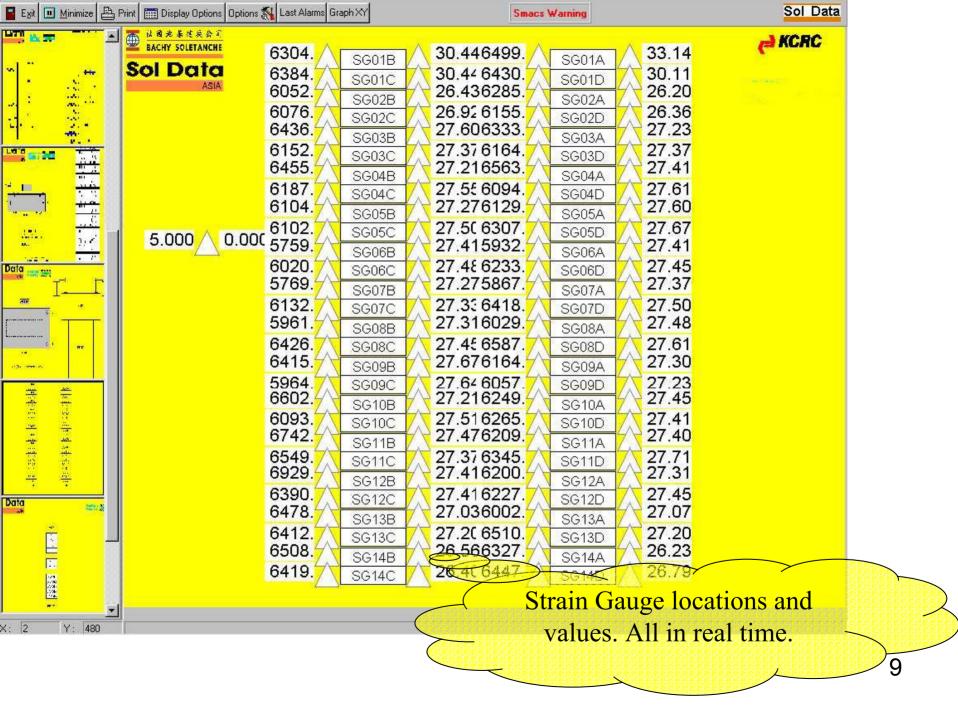
Settlement logging



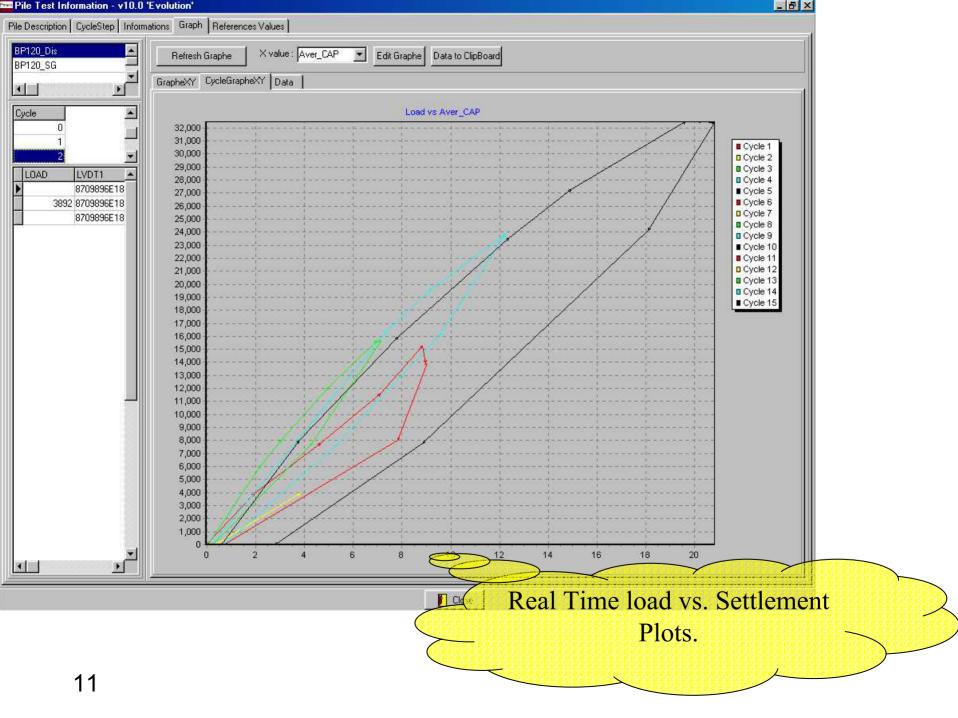


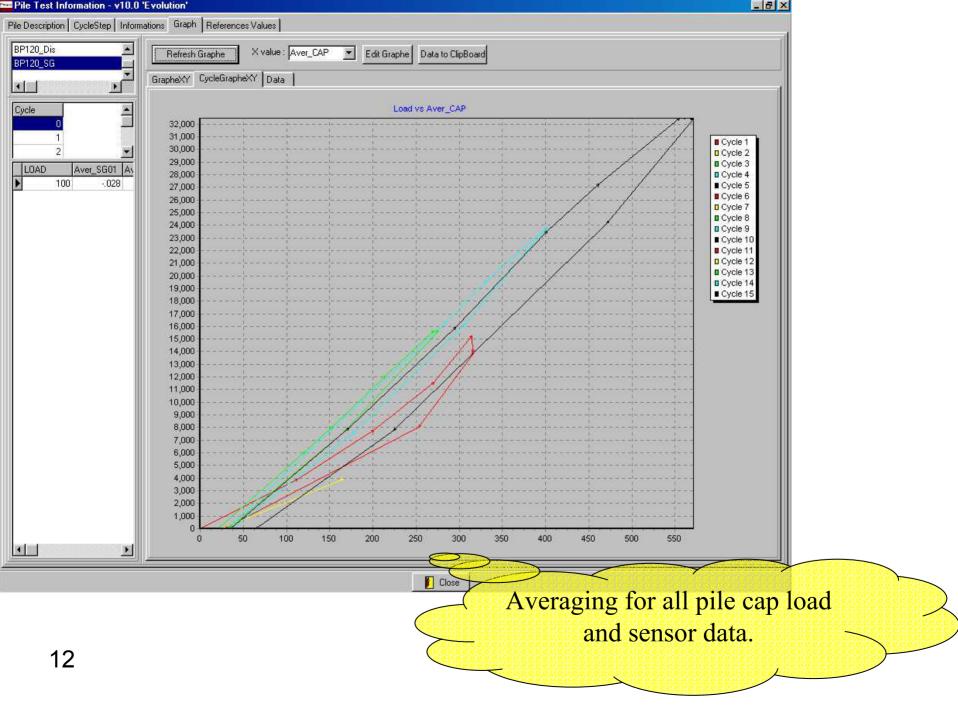


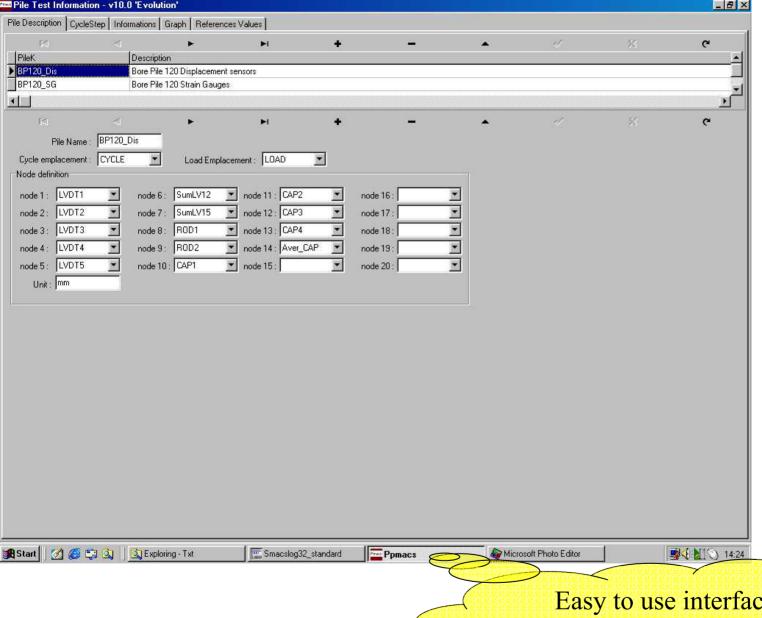




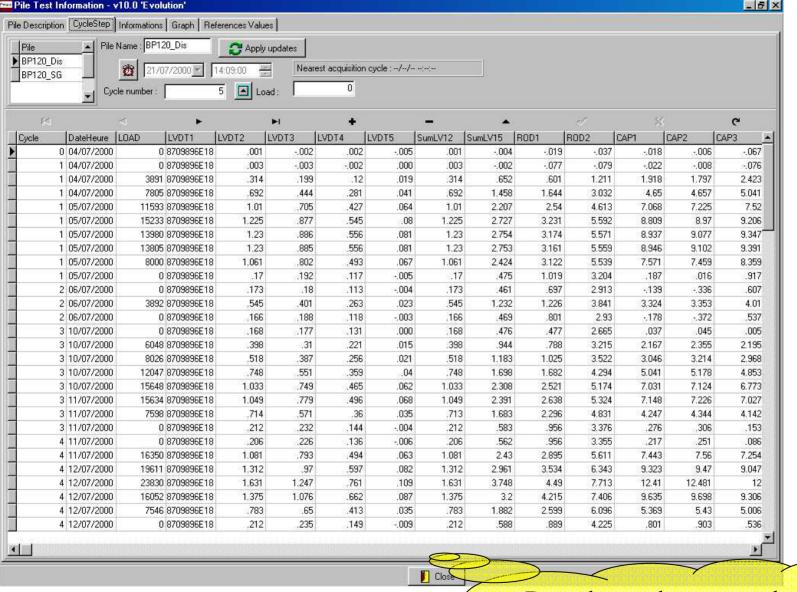




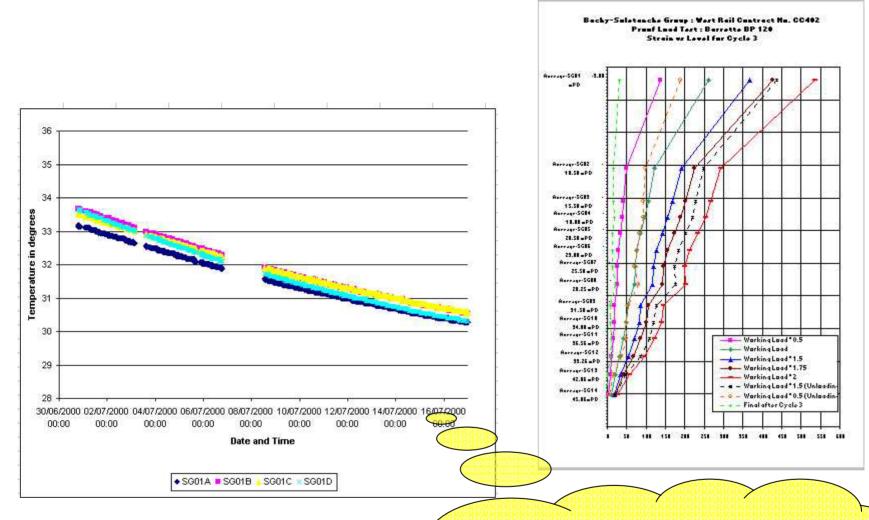




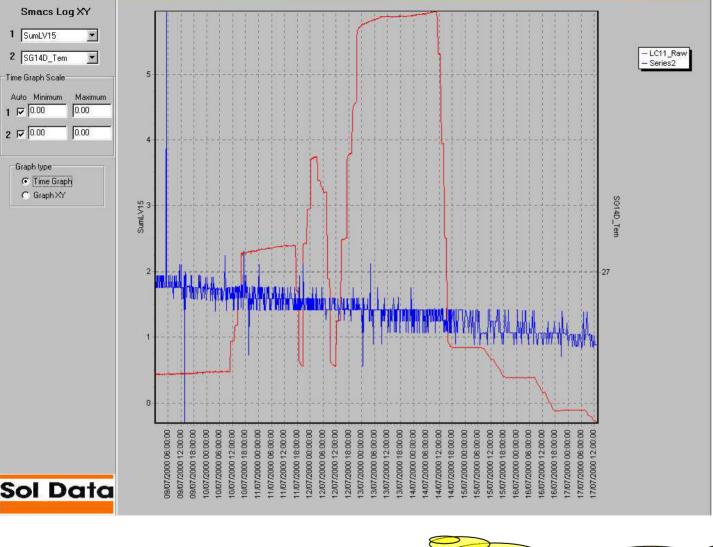
Easy to use interface, configurable to view all critical information during the test.

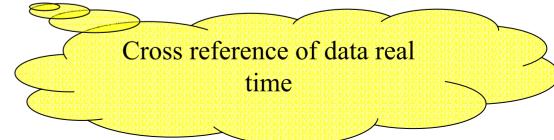


Raw data values, stored on database for back analysis, or export to generic software.



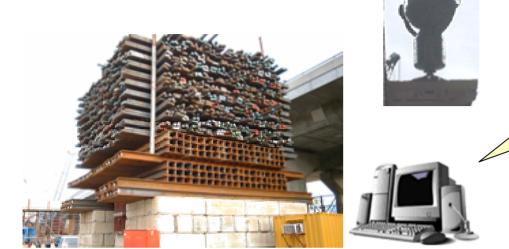
Frequency, Temperature data all available for the complete analysis of test data in real time or for back analysis

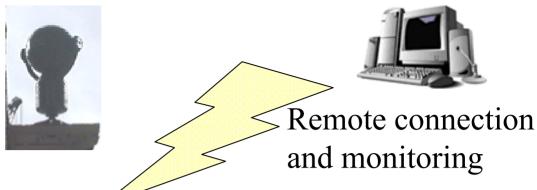




Smacs log XY

#### **GEOCAM**







The PC manages the remote camera(s), and stores the digitised images. The software includes options for:-

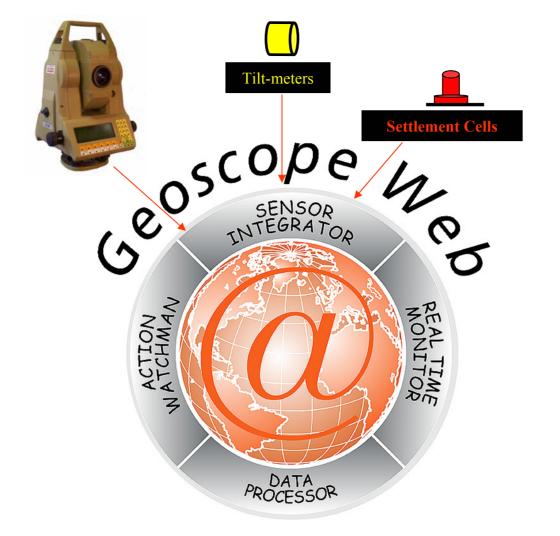
- Automatic connection to record a picture of the site at pre-set intervals
- •Automatic start-up in response to data provided by external sensor(s)
- •Remote control of the camera, by "Soft stick" to adjust azimuth, elevation, focus, zoom, etc.
- Up to 4 GeoCam systems can be connected to the same computer allowing simultaneous monitoring of 4 sites.

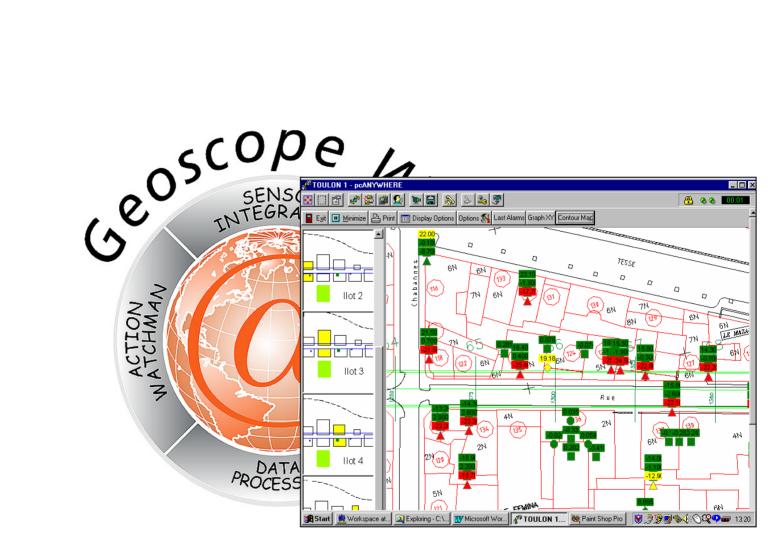


## PART 2

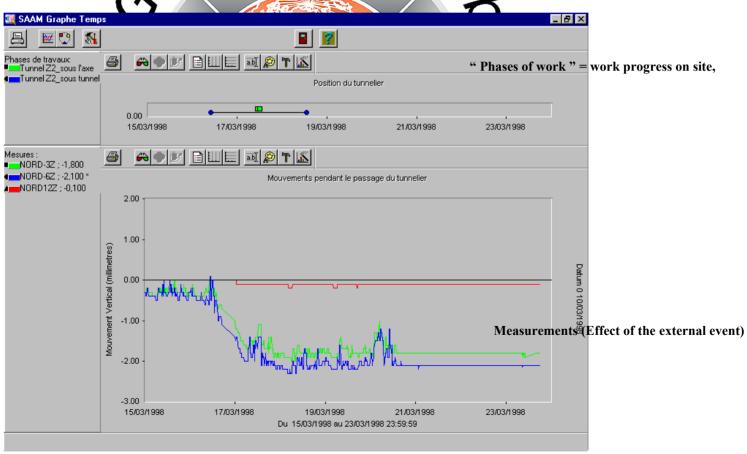
# Real-Time Monitoring of Structures

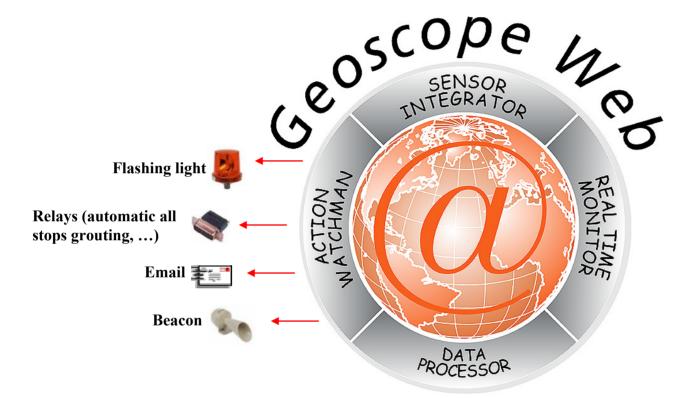






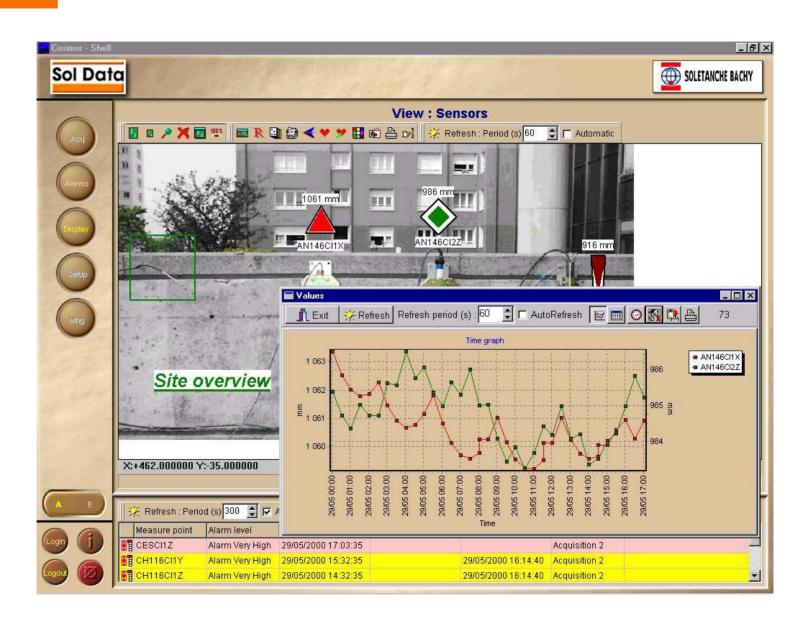




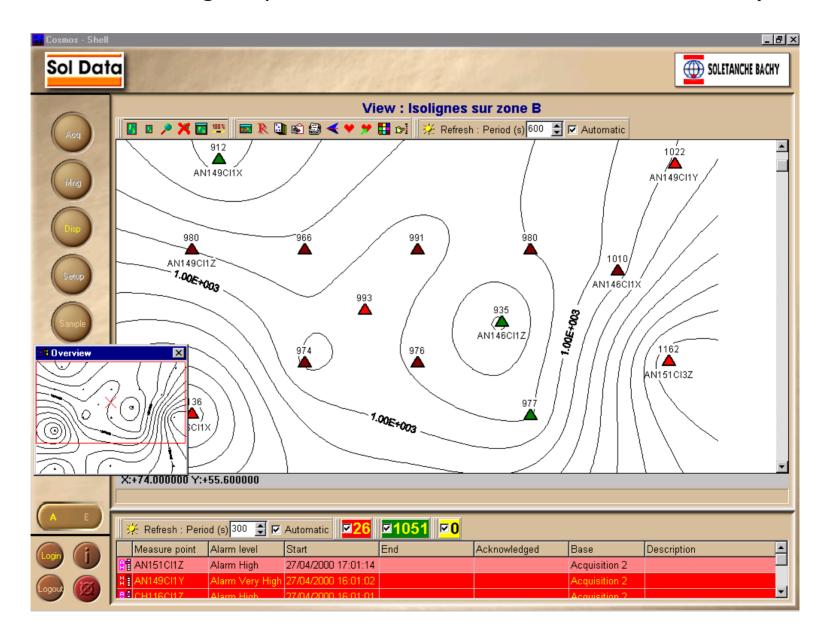


#### Sol Data

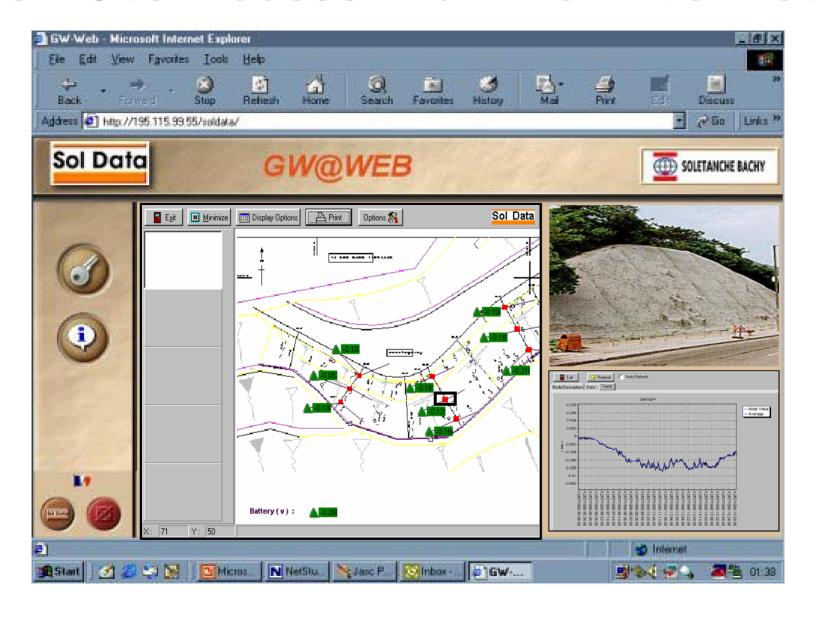
**GW@Observer:** multiple time graphs can be obtained by clicking on sensors icons



**GW@Observer:** isolines of settlements, obtained in real time (note the overview window showing the position of the active window in the whole site)



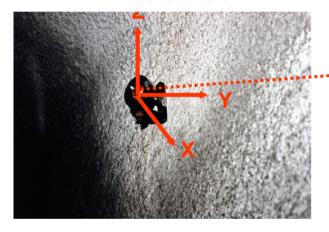
#### **Remote Access Via The Internet**

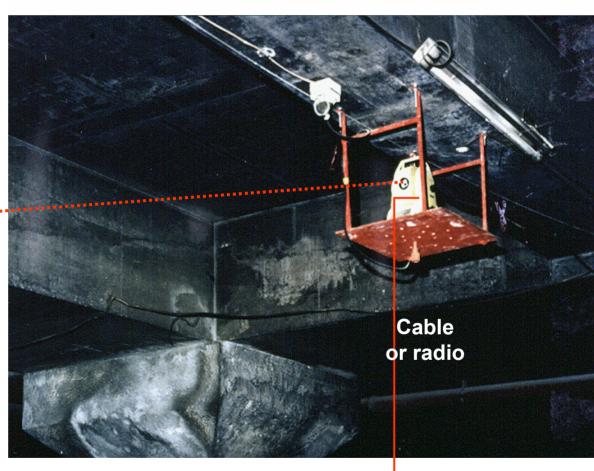


#### **CYCLOPS= CYCLic OPtical Surveyor**

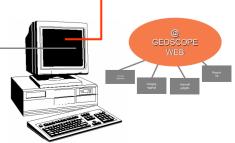
Accuracy =

1 mm at 100 m





REAL TIME MONITORING
AND REPORTING



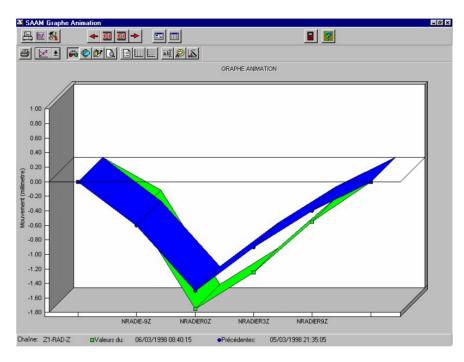
# Tunnel monitoring: Metro Paris



Other ex: Rouen metro, Montretout railways

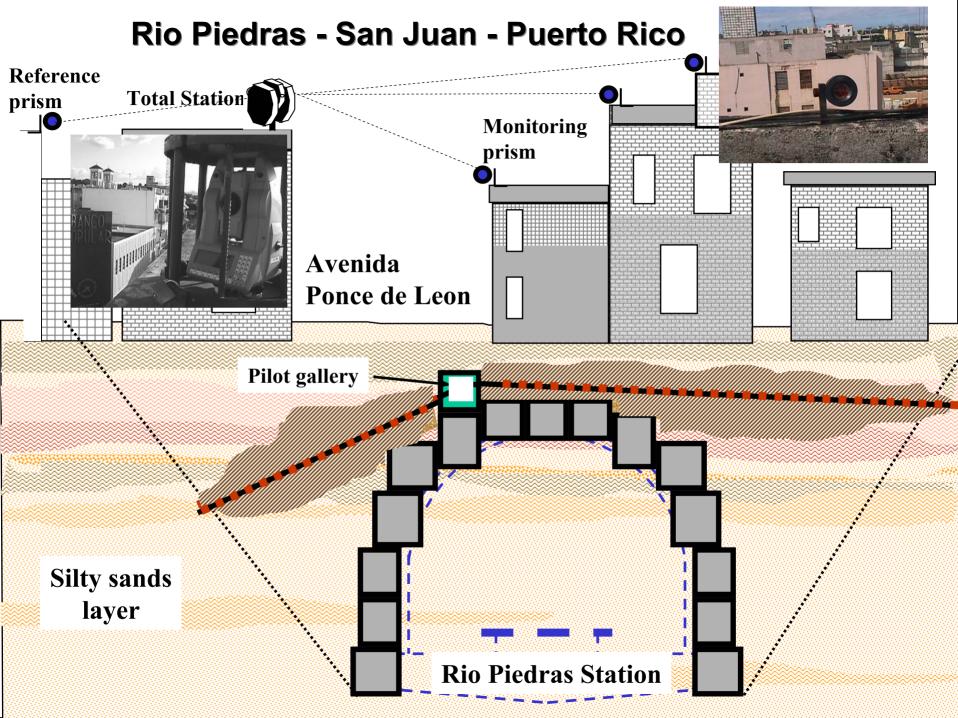
**TBM** 

# Tunnel monitoring: Metro Paris





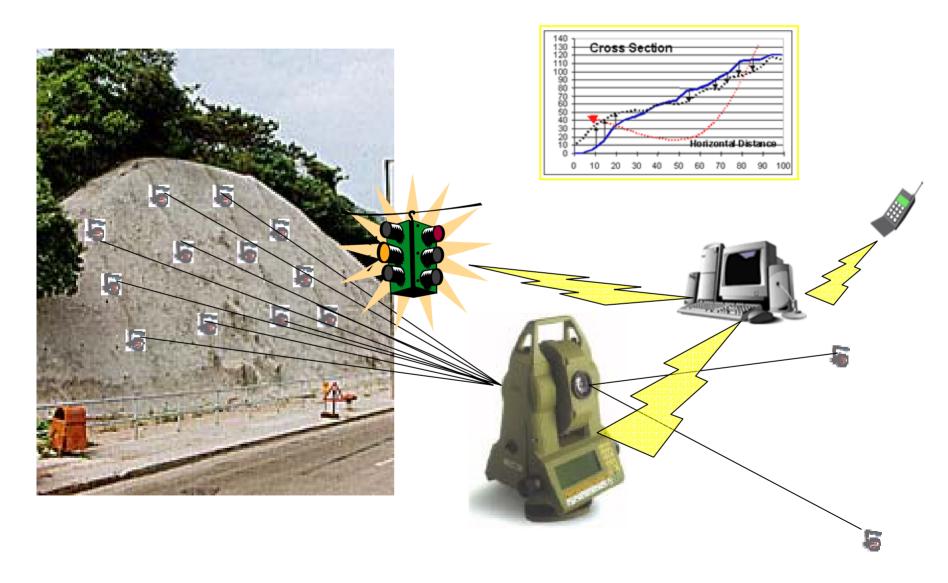








#### **CYCLOPS**





#### Smithsonian Institute (DC)

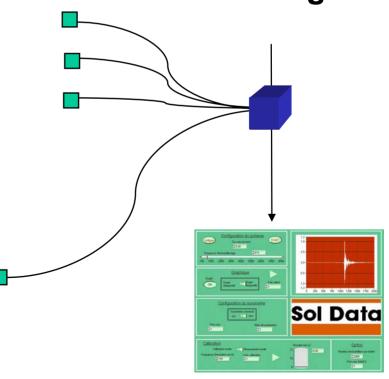


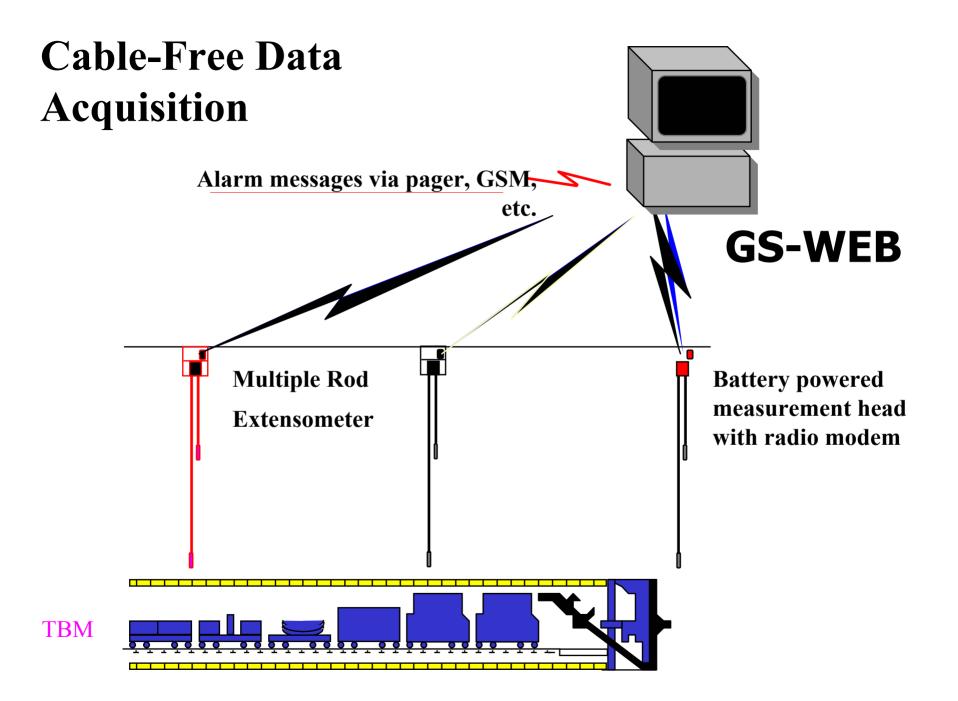


#### **GORGONE**

Noise & Vibration Monitoring









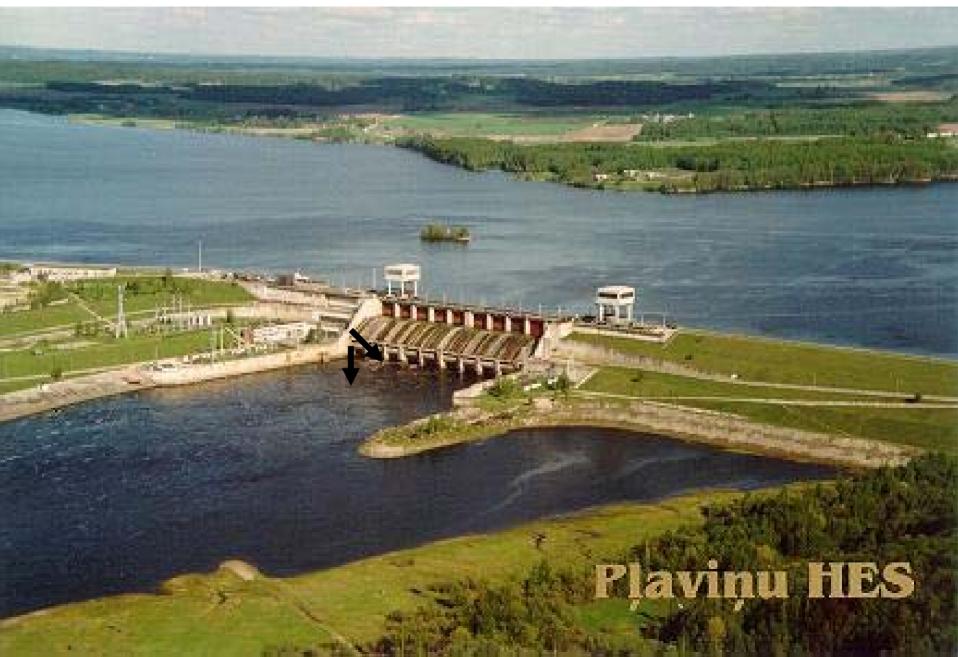
### PART 3

# Real-Time Monitoring Case Histories

# PLAVINAS DAM (Latvia)

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PLAVINAS DAM - Daugava River (Republic of Latvia) the most important dam in the country, supplying 30 % of power in Latvia.



# **Project Conditions**

- A dam founded in moraines with a sandstone layer below.
- Sandstone feeds moraine with water, creating up lift pressure, causing the concrete structure to slide downstream.
- Water washing out fine material potentially causing settlements.

# **Purpose of the instrumentation**

<ul><li>Safety</li></ul>	of the	dam
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• Analysis of structure behaviour to define adequate remedial works

by

- Replacement, upgrading and complement of the existing instrumentation
- Installation of an automatic data acquisition system
- Installation of a software with a database for data processing and reporting

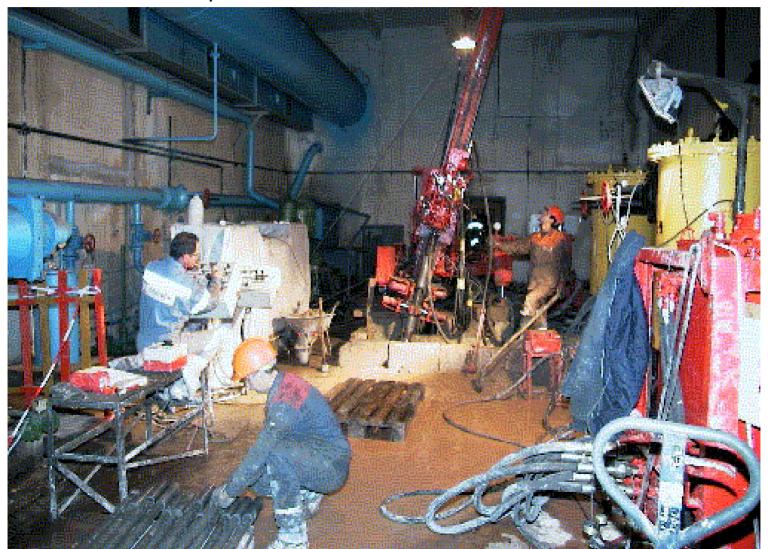


drilling inside (filter room) (Puntel PX609+ Top Hammer).

3 sequences : - coring through Concrete

- temporary dosapro valve

- roto percussion method



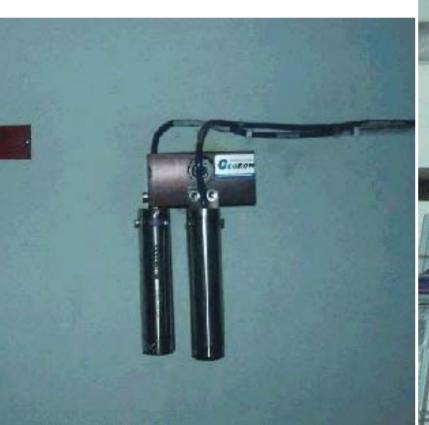
# embedded piezometers: Cable protected by a metallic tube



# Crackmeters



# **Tiltmeters**





# **Trenching and Cabling**

28 000 m of signal cables (sensor->AM416)

12 000 m of communication cables (AM416->CR10)

2 000 m of 220V cable

15 000 m of copper wire for lightening protection

5 000 m of trenches

4 000 m of cable trays

# CR10 in IP66 Cabinet







# Control Room



#### **Means**

- 2 permanent engineers during 6 months
- 2 local workers and local sub-contractors for trenching, cabling, ...
- 3 drilling machines with operators and one engineer during 3 months
  - ⇒ Drilling up to 45 meters from galleries inside the dam for installation of piezometers,
  - ⇒ Drilling up to 120 meters outdoors for installation of piezometers and in-place-inclinometers,
- 2 years warranty after reception
- Budget > 1 millions US\$

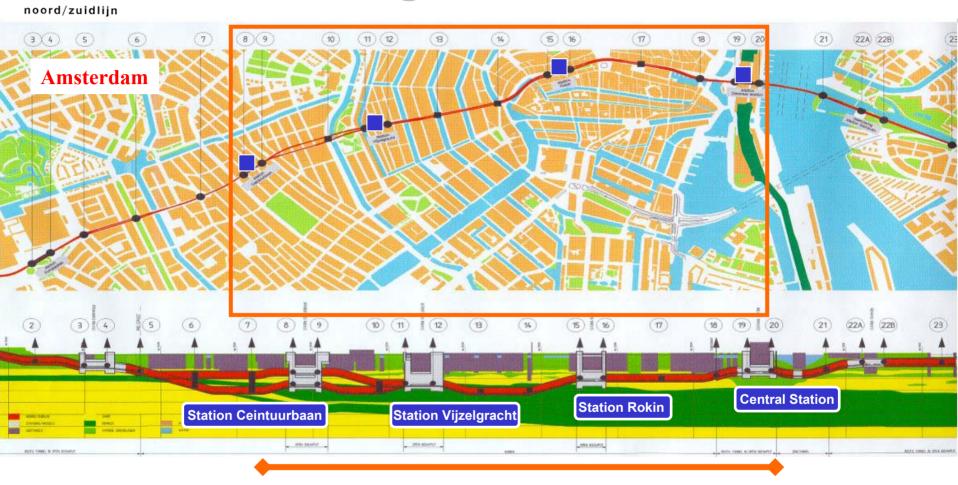








# **Alignment North/South Line**



## Phase I of works:

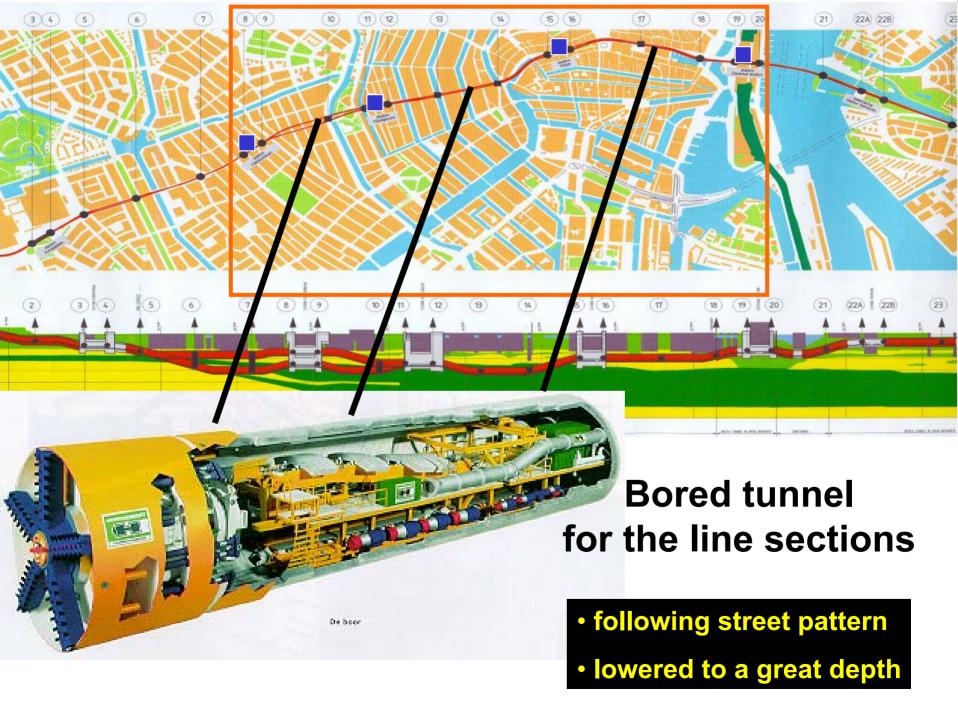
79 CYCLOPS

3,9 km of tunnel

4 stations



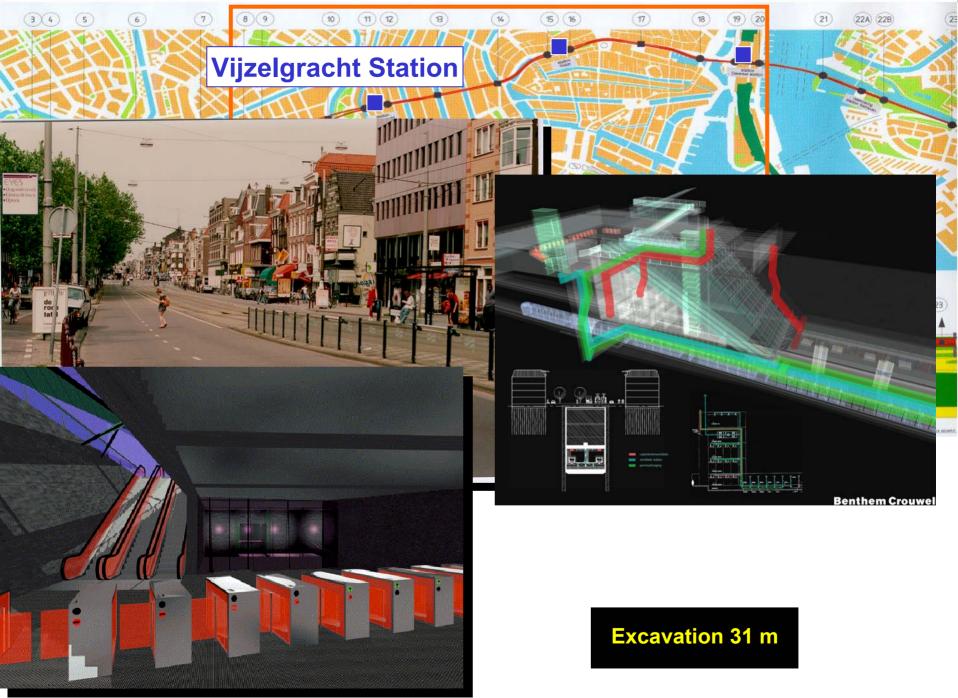
3000 Instruments

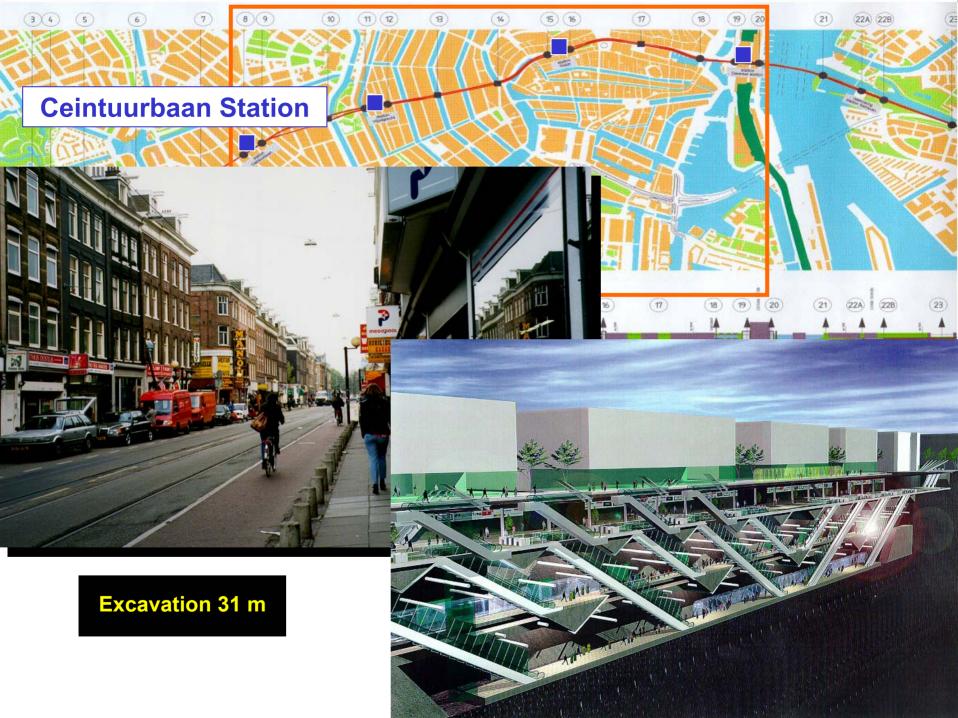






Excavation 26 m





# Instruments Selected (10 000 Sensors)

- Cyclops (80 total stations 6 000 prims)
- In-Place Inclinometers (2 000 in total, 1 000 moved 9 000 m of casing)
- Extensometers (160 multiple head with 400 sensors, 300 moved 700 pakers)
- Piezometers (50 piezometers)
- Electrolevels (200)
- Strain Gauges (700)

# **Automatic Surface Instrumentation**



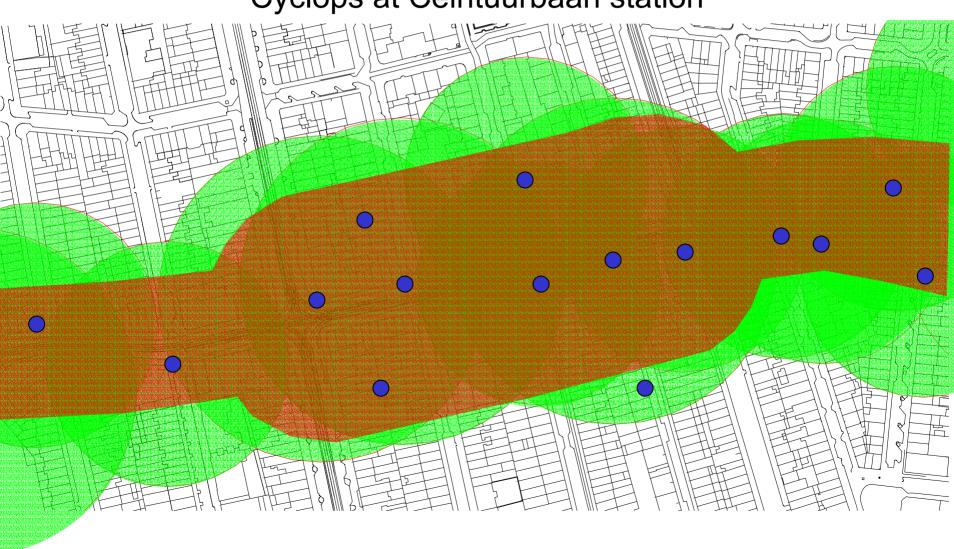
**6 000 prisms** 



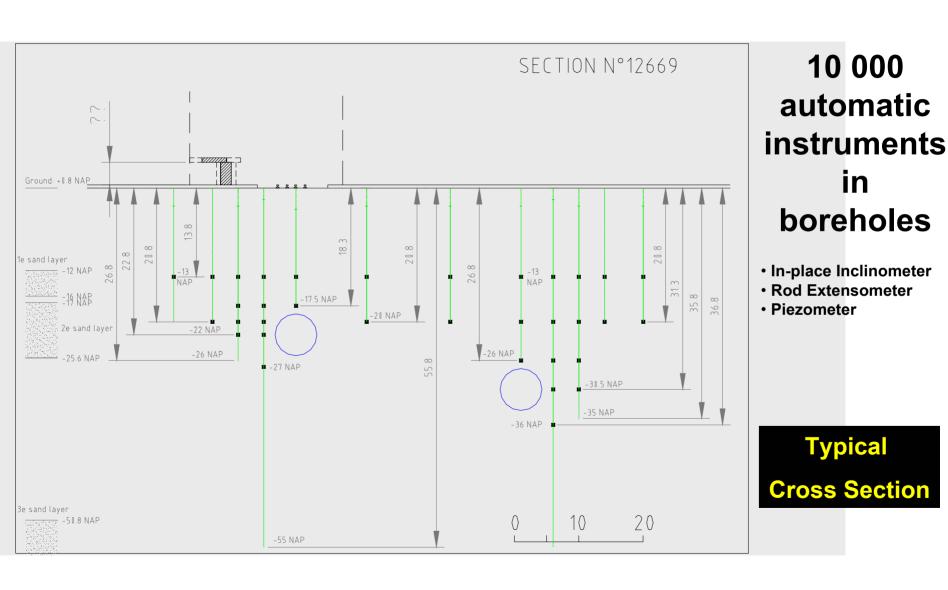


# **Automatic Surface Instrumentation**

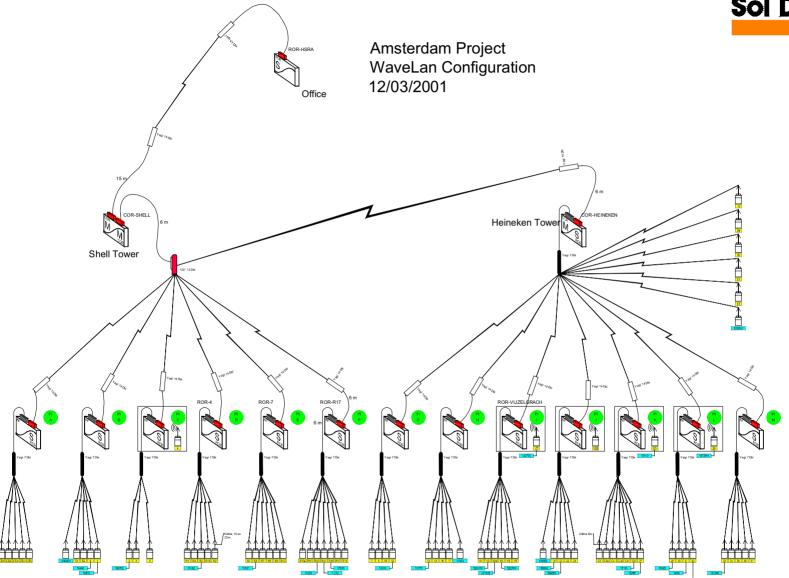
# Cyclops at Ceintuurbaan station



# **Automatic Sub-Surface Instrumentation**









# **Amsterdam**



**Station Ceinturbaan** 

# **Data Processing**

- Automatic collection of data (Radio network of 100 computers over 4 km)
- 50 000 Data Per Hour
- Central Computer Room Real-Time Acquisition and Alarms
- 60 Gigabytes after 6 years

### Means

- Installation = 16 permanent engineers and technicians during 2 years
- Monitoring and maintenance = 6 permanent staff during 4 years
- Budget > 10 millions US\$